### Gitzel Krejci Dand Peterson



### CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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VILLAGE OF DELBURNE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2011

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO: The Mayor and Council

Village of Delburne

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Delburne, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2011, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net financial assets/debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village of Delburne as at December 31, 2011, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Stettler, Alberta April 24, 2012

**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS** 

Ditzel Krejci Dand Peterson

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

### AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2011

	2011 \$	2010 \$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (Note 3) Trade and other receivables Grants receivable Land held for resale Long-term investments (Note 4)	1,175,685 73,889 84,979 55,196 129,647 	1,041,817 68,433 72,442 191,500 129,649 
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (Note 5) Tax surplus liability (Note 11) Long term debt (Note 6) Capital lease obligation (Note 7)	56,501 780,384 15,166 229,494 128,737 1,210,282	80,985 661,963 15,166 295,436 11,704 1,065,254
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)	309,124	574,712
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2) Inventory for consumption Prepaid expenses	6,272,819 3,833 134,004 6,410,656	5,739,645 3,833 51,617 5,795,095
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 1)	6,719,780	6,369,807
CONTINGENCIES – NOTE 13		

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Budget	2011	2010
	\$	\$	\$
DEVENUEC	(Unaudited)		
REVENUES Not toyog (Schodule 2)	724 161	<b>725 120</b>	640.050
Net taxes (Schedule 3) Sales and user fees	734,161	735,139	648,852
	310,283	353,478	445,829
Government transfers for operating (Schedule 4) Investment income	156,725	227,769	130,523
Penalties and costs of taxes	5,500	4,146	7,132
Fines and costs of taxes	15,998	22,263	18,577
	12,539	16,837	14,028
Licenses and permits	5,000	5,408	5,515
Franchise agreement Other	30,000	40,622	37,384
	185,288	156,132	132,430
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets Total Revenue	49,000	39,048	7,500
Total Revenue	1,504,494	1,600,842	<u>1,447,770</u>
EXPENSES (Schedule 5)			
Legislative	86,248	64,777	74,071
Administration	344,772	393,527	314,532
Protective services	128,021	102,132	128,069
Transportation services	378,148	369,575	371,083
Water and wastewater	155,915	180,077	185,852
Waste management and recycling	152,784	89,012	82,026
Recreation and parks	76,415	148,642	93,156
Family and community support	78,761	67,069	69,025
Land use planning, zoning and development	104,042	183,357	144,384
Total Expenses	1,505,106	1,598,168	1,462,198
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE			
OVER EXPENSES – BEFORE OTHER	(612)	2,674	(14,428)
	(012)	2,074	(14,420)
OTHER			
Contributed assets	_	2,901	440
Donations for tangible capital assets	_	2,,,,,,	61,463
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 4)	262,500	344,398	<u>57,141</u>
(	262,500	347,299	119,044
			117,044
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE			
OVER EXPENSES	261,888	349,973	104,616
	201,000	577,713	104,010
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS –			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,369,807	6,369,807	_6,265,191
	0,505,007	0,505,607	0,203,131
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS – END OF YEAR	6,631,695	<u>_6,719,780</u>	_6,369,807

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

<u>49,973</u>	104,616
<u>49,973</u>	104,616
(2,901)	(440)
41,572)	(196,669)
94,799	7,500
53,757	222,582
37,257)	(7,500)
33,174)	25,473
-	793
82,387)	(6,809)
82,387)	(6,016)
65,588)	124,073
74 <u>,712</u>	450,639
8	37,257) 33,174) - 82,387) 82,387)

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2011 \$	2010 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess (shortfall) of revenues over expenses	349,973	104,616
Non-cash items included in excess (shortfall) of revenues	•	,
over expenses:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	253,757	222,582
(Gain) loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	(37,258)	(7,500)
Contributed assets	(2,901)	(440)
Non-cash changes to operations (net change)		
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables	(5,456)	23,102
Trade and other receivables	(12,537)	23,228
Grants receivable	136,304	140,624
Decrease in inventory for consumption	-	793
Prepaid expenses	(82,387)	(6,809)
Land held for resale	2	17,017
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(24,484)	(49,184)
Deferred revenue	118,421	398,648
Tax surplus liability		(525)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	693,434	866,152
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(686,072)	(196,669)
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets	94,799	7,500
Net cash provided by (used in) capital activities	(591,273)	$\frac{-7,360}{(189,169)}$
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Long term investments disposed	136,115	-
Long term investments purchased		(974)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	136,115	(974)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Long term debt issued	_	_
Repayment of long term debt and capital leases	(104,408)	(80,196)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(104,408)	(80,196)
the same provided by (need in) immediately into	(101,100)	(00,120)
CHANGE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS DURING THE YEAR	133,868	595,813
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,041,817	446,004
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR (Note 2)	1,175,685	1,041,817
Interest Paid	15,169	15,935

### VILLAGE OF DELBURNE SCHEDULE 1 - CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

2010	6,265,191	104,616	104,616	6,369,807
2011	6,369,807	349,973	349,973	6,719,780
Equity in Tangible Capital Assets \$	5,432,505	- 159,000 539,742 2,901 (70,212) (253,757)	482,083	5,914,588
Restricted Surplus \$	882,591	70,401 (43,582) (159,000)	(132,181)	750,410
Unrestricted Surplus \$	54,711	349,973 (70,401) 43,582 - s (539,742) (2,901) 70,212 253,757 (104,409)	71	54,782
	BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Unrestricted funds designated for future use Restricted funds used for operations Restricted funds used for tangible capital assets Current year funds used for tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets Disposal of tangible capital assets Annual amortization expense Long term debt repaid	Change in accumulated surplus	BALANCE, END OF YEAR

# SCHEDULE 2 – SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	Land	Land	Buildings	Engineered	Machinery	Vehicles	2011	2010
	€9	\$	<del>59</del>	Su ucinics \$		<del>\$9</del>	<del>\$</del> 9	€9
COST: BALANCE – BEGINNING OF YEAR	251,528	552,472	1,007,683	6,604,762	618,409	113,406	9,148,260	8,964,134
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Construction in progress Disposal of tangible capital assets	1 1 1	208,142		292,264 12,553 (8,845)	300,014	31,500	831,920 12,553 (201,936)	175,397 21,712 (12,983)
BALANCE - END OF YEAR	251,528	760,614	1,007,683	6,900,734	730,332	139,906	9,790,797	9,148,260
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION: BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		111,081	310,940	2,645,587	284,240	56,767	3,408,615	3,199,016
Annual amortization Accumulated amortization on disposals	1 1	41,119	20,154	138,340 (8,845)	47,351 (130,549)	6,793	253,757 (144,394)	222,582 (12,983)
BALANCE - END OF YEAR		152,200	331,094	2,775,082	201,042	58,560	3,517,978	3,408,615
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	251,528	608,414	676,589	4,125,652	529,290	81,346	6,272,819	5,739,645
2010 NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	251,528	441,391	696,743	3,959,175	334,169	56,639		
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### **SCHEDULE 3 – PROPERTY AND OTHER TAXES**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Budget \$	2011 \$	2010 \$
	(Unaudited)		·
TAXATION	,		
Real property taxes	892,143	893,041	792,629
Linear property taxes	30,892	30,893	29,669
Government grants in place of property taxes	1,893	1,893	1,785
Special assessments and local improvement taxes	5,406	5,485	5,485
	930,334	931,312	829,568
REQUISITIONS			
Alberta School Foundation Fund	194,953	194,953	179,764
Autumn Glen Lodge	1,220	1,220	952
·	196,173	196,173	180,716
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	734,161	735,139	648,852

### SCHEDULE 4 – GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS

	Budget \$ (Unaudited)	2011 \$	2010 \$
TRANSFER FOR OPERATING:			
Federal government	-	3,133	1,848
Provincial government	136,725	177,840	80,075
Other local government	20,000	46,796	48,600
	156,725	227,769	130,523
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL			
Federal government	-	71,951	42,427
Provincial government	262,500	272,447	14,714
	262,500	344,398	57,141
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	419,225	572,167	187,664

### SCHEDULE 5 - CONSOLIDATED EXPENSES BY OBJECT

	Budget \$	2011 \$	2010
	(Unaudited)	Ф	\$
CONSOLIDATED EXPENSES BY OBJECT	,		
Salaries, wages, and benefits	460,754	429,002	433,042
Contracted and general services	503,401	387,252	431,560
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities	226,862	201,991	200,418
Transfer to local agencies	42,400	164,933	107,542
Transfer to other governments	21,615	68,779	30,169
Bank charges and short-term interest	539	1,364	333
Interest on long term debt	10,869	10,841	7,692
Interest on capital lease	2,928	2,928	236
Amortization of tangible capital assets	217,295	245,314	219,306
Amortization of capital lease asset	8,443	8,443	3,276
Other expenses	10,000	75,529	28,624
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	1,792	
	1,505,106	<u>1,598,168</u>	1,462,198

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements are the representations of management prepared in accordance with local government accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting and Auditing Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Because a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of financial statements for a period necessarily involves the use of estimates which have been made using careful judgment. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of significant accounting policies adopted as follows:

### a. Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, and changes in financial position of the reporting entity which comprises all the organizations that are owned or controlled by the municipality and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes operating requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

### b. Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting followed in the financial statement presentation includes revenues in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues and expenditures in the period the goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported in the statement of operations.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

### c. Government Transfers

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenues in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met by the municipality, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### d. Taxes and Grants in Place of Taxes Receivable

Current and arrears taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable consist of current tax levies and tax levies of prior years which remain outstanding at December 31st.

### e. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair market value. When there has been a gain or loss on market value, the respective investment is adjusted and an unrealized gain or loss is recorded.

### f. Land Held For Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and waste water services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as property and equipment under their respective function.

### g. Interest on Long-Term Debt

Interest on long-term debt is recorded as an expenditure as payment is made and is accrued for as long-term debt interest payable at the end of the year.

### h. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one party and a financial liability or equity instrument of another party. The Village's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables, long-term investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred revenue, long-term debt and capital lease obligations. It is management's opinion that the Village is not exposed to significant interest or currency risks arising from these financial statements. Unless otherwise noted, the fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values. Cash, short-term investments and long-term investments have been classified as held-to-maturity.

### i. Held-to-Maturity Financial assets

Held-to-maturity financial assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that an entity has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. They are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less any impairment loss. A gain or loss is recognized in net income when the financial asset or financial liability is derecognized or impaired, and through the amortization process.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### j. Allowances for Operating Assets

Allowances for asset valuations are netted against the related asset. Increases in allowances are recorded as an expenditure while decreases in allowances are recorded as a revenue in the operating fund.

### k. Over-levies and Under-levies

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. When the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property taxes.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, accounts with banks and short-term liquid investments.

### m. Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### n. (i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	YEARS
Land improvements	15 - 45
Buildings	25 - 50
Engineered structures	
Roadway system	5 - 40
Water system	45 - 60
Wastewater system	45 - 60
Storm system	45 - 75
Machinery and equipment	5 – 40
Vehicles	10-25

The annual amortization charge in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal is prorated based on the number of days that the asset was owned during the year. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

### (ii) Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

### (iii) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost. Cost is determined by using the FIFO inventory costing method.

### (iv) Lease

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Cash	732,611	741,817
Guaranteed investment certificates	<u>443,074</u>	300,000
	<u>_1,175,685</u>	<u>1,041,817</u>

Council has designated funds of \$750,410 (2010 - \$882,591) included in the above amounts as restricted surplus.

Included in cash is a restricted balance of \$427,114 (2010 - \$349,084) related to various deferred revenues (Note 5).

Guaranteed investment certificates mature at dates between January and December 2012 and earn interest at rates between 0.85% to 1.70% per annum.

### Non-cash transactions

The village purchased tangible capital assets at a cost of \$155,500 and entered into a capital lease obligation to finance the acquisition. These amounts have been excluded from the Statement of Cash Flows.

### 3. TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE

		2011 \$	2010 \$
	Current taxes and grants in place of taxes Arrears taxes	58,494 15,395	41,482 26,951
	Less: Allowance for uncollectible taxes	73,889	68,433
4.	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS	2011 \$	2010 \$
	Guaranteed Investment Certificates A.M.F.C. shares, at cost	10 10	136,115 10 136,125

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 5. DEFERRED REVENUE

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Municipal Sustainability Initiatives	483,685	292,768
Regional Collaboration Program	120,000	
Land deposits	78,190	78,190
Federal gas tax grant	38,020	50,000
FCSS programs	34,537	24,971
Prepaid property taxes	13,156	13,251
Prepaid local improvements	4,433	4,871
Prepaid licenses	4,365	2,895
Municipal sponsorship program	1,936	11,605
Prepaid utilities	1,862	_
Other grants and programs	200	1,001
Street Improvement grants	-	172,857
New Deal for Cities & Communities program	***	9,554
	<u>780,384</u>	<u>661,963</u>

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 6. LONG TERM DEBT

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Credit Union paving loan, due \$1,605 monthly including interest at prime, maturing May 2020, secured by a general security agreement	149,004	163,563
Tax supported debenture debt, repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority in annual payments of \$43,518 including interest at 5.375%, maturing May 2013. Debenture debt is issued on the credit and		
security of the Village	80,490	131,873
	229,494	295,436

Principal and interest payments are as follows:

	Principal \$	Interest \$	Total \$
2012	54,193	8,592	62,785
2013	56,756	6,029	62,785
2014	15,927	3,339	19,266
2015	16,412	2,854	19,266
2016	16,911	2,355	19,266
Thereafter	69,295	4,123	73,418
	229,494	27,292	256,786

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 7. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Capital lease due \$4,517 monthly including interest at 3.10%, maturing April 2014. Secured by assets with a carrying value		
of \$149,833	121,867	-
Capital lease, due \$1,248 quarterly including interest at 1.61%, maturing March 2013. Secured by assets with a carrying		
value of \$8,190	6,870	11,704
	128,737	11,704

Principal and interest payments are as follows:

	Principal \$	Interest \$	Total \$
2012	56,064	3,136	59,200
2013	54,720	1,455	56,175
2014	<u>17,953</u>	116	18,069
	<u>128,737</u>	4,707	133,444

### 8. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the municipality be disclosed as follows:

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Total debt limit	2,405,615	2,264,510
Total debt	<u>358,231</u>	307,140
Amount of debt limit (exceeded) available	<u>2,047,384</u>	1,957,370
Debt servicing limit	400,936	377,418
Debt servicing	<u>121,985</u>	78,922
Amount of debt servicing limit (exceeded) available	<u>278,951</u>	298,496

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 9. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Tangible Capital assets (Schedule 2) Accumulated Amortization (Schedul Long term debt (Note 6) Capital Lease Obligation (Note 7)			9,790,797 (3,517,978) (229,494) (128,737) 5,914,588	9,148,260 (3,408,615) (295,436) (11,704) 5,432,505
10. RESTRICTED SURPLUS				
100 100 1100 122 5014 205	2010	Increases	Decreases	2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Administration	5,785	6,091	_	11,876
Anniversary	7,319		_	7,319
Bunker gear	_	5,800	-	5,800
Citizen's Watch	4,917	_	-	4,917
Council golf tournament	4,249	_	-	4,249
Disaster	_	380	-	380
Economic development	7,492	-	-	7,492
Family and community				,
support	14,648	1,688	64	16,272
Fire department	131,493	-	<u>-</u>	131,493
General contingency	158,082	-	31,500	126,582
Healthy communities	1,556	-	_	1,556
Lifeline	4,810	320	-	5,130
Public works	27,494	6,840	4,500	29,834
Recreation	77,052	43,000	108,000	12,052
Subdivision	94,079	-	43,518	50,561
Transportation	32,381	6,282	15,000	23,663
Water	170,451	-	-	170,451
Waste water	140,783		_	140,783
Total	<u>882,591</u>	<u>70,401</u>	202,582	750,410

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 11. TRUST FUNDS

The Village of Delburne administers the following trust:

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Tax Sale Surplus		
Balance - beginning of year	15,166	15,691
Operating expenses		(525)
Balance - end of year	15,166	15,166

### 12. SALARY & BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for elected municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

		2011		2010
	Benefits &			
	Salary(1)	Allowances(2)	Total	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Mayor Reckseidler	11,715	-	11,715	12,182
Councillor McKenzie	8,715	244	8,959	5,424
Councillor Paradon	7,595	188	7,783	7,461
Councillor Dushanek	7,335	175	7,510	4,271
Councillor Brett	6,435	131	6,566	2,898
Mayor Manning	-	-	-	11,095
Councillor Bourne	-	-	-	6,608
Councillor Faulk	-	-	-	4,786
Administrator Fegan	61,206	6,485	67,691	66,881

- (1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (2) Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

### 13. CONTINGENCIES

The Village of Delburne is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of the membership, the Village of Delburne could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

The Village of Delburne is a member municipality of the Central Alberta Waste Management Authority and provides funds for operations on an annual basis. The Authority is accumulating reserves to fund any future site cleanup obligations. The member municipalities may be liable for future costs in excess of the restricted surplus.

The Village of Delburne and the City of Red Deer through a joint agreement provide funds for the operation of the Delburne Family and Community Support Services. The amounts presented in this financial statement represent only the Village of Delburne portion of contributions made to F.C.S.S.

### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### Credit Risk

The Village is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Village provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

### Interest Rate Risk

The Village manages its exposure to interest rate risk through a combination of fixed and floating rate borrowings. The fixed rate debt is subject to interest rate price risk, as the value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market roles. The floating rate debt is subject to interest rate cash flow risk, as the required cash flows to service the debt will fluctuate as a result of changes in market rates.

### 15. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain 2010 comparative figures have been reclassified in order to conform with the financial statement presentation for 2011.

### 16. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Council and Management have approved these financial statements.